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# OO CANADIAN PATENT

ORTHOPEDIC DRILL GUIDE APPARATUS

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- D APPLICATION No. 154,660
  (C) 1918 Oct. 24, 1972
- O CHARTY BATE

Sto. OF CLAIMS 14

#### HOLLER OF CHE IN MALE

Picts of the Invention:

to a device for guiding a Grill to drill a bore in a fractured bone or the like.

#### Description of the Prior Arti

In hip pinning sperations, it has been seemen practice for orthopedic surgeons to obtain X-rays of a fractured trochanter and then estimate the desired location and angularity for the hip pin and then drill a series of guide bores in accordance with such estimation. Thereafter, additional X-rays are taken to determine the location of the guide bores and if such bores are not properly located, additional bores are drilled and further X-rays taken. Such a trial-and-error procedure is time consuming and expensive while subjecting the patient to extended operative risks and traums.

Numerous hip pin guide devices have been proposed for inscrition in a large instain formed along the upper featral shaft to locate and maintain the desired angularity for a drill while drilling a bord down the axis of the trochanter. However, such devices are generally unsatisfactory because of the requirement of a large instain and the additional rick of infection and treums.

In the carly 30's a rather cumbersome frill guide was proposed which wounted directly on the fracture table. This device is described in an article by Sven Johansson published in the Scandinavian orthopodic journal entitled ACTA CATEGO SCAND 2: 1929. A large sumbersome apparetus of this type buffers the charteoxing that it is expersome to use and hinders access to the fracture side. Further, each devices are difficult to execute and raise the risk of contamination.

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The orthopodia drill guide apparatus of present invention is characterized by a hand-hold pistol device having siming means mounted thereon for being aligned over a selected point on an X-ray image-producing target disposed over the fracture pite. Guide means is mounted on the pistol device in clignment with the siming means and an indicator is provided for indicating when the pistol device is oriented to sligh the guide means with the siming means to thereby guide the drill directly along a line corresponding with the location and crientetion of the siming means.

The object and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from a consideration of the following detailed description when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

#### SCHINGS OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a top plan view of a patient suffering a fractured trochantor which may have a bore drilled therein by a drill guide apparatus embedying the present invention;

PIG. 2 is a side elevational view of the patient whoms in Pig. 1:

FIG. 5 is a diagrammatic view of an X-ray of the trachenter of the patient shown in FIG. 1;

PIG. 4 is a perspective vice of a drill guide apparatuo cabodying the present invention;

PIG. 5 is a front view of an anteversion angle indicator which may be utilized with and drill guide opporatus shown in Pig. 4;

PIG. 6 is a top vice, in reduced coals, of the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 4 being utilized to guide a drill down the sais of a patient's trochantor;

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FIG. 7 is a vertical doctional view taken along the line

FIG. 8 is a perspective view of an elming pin which may be utilized with the drill guide apparatus shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 9 is a detailed view of a modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in FIG. 4;

FIG. 10 is a vertical scattered view token slong the line 10-10 of FIG. 9;

PIG. 11 is a vertical coedional view texes through a patient's hip and chowing the Grill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 4 being utilized to guide a bone drill;

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FIG. 12 is a vertical contional view, in enlarged scale, taken slong the line 12-18 of FIG. 11;

PIG. 13 is a cohecatio view of a potient's trochanter which has had hip pins inserted by moone of the drill guide apparatus shown in FIG. 4;

PIG. 14 is a front view of a accord modification of the drill guide apparatus shown in PIG. 1;

FIG. 15 is a partial front view of a third modification of the Crill guido apparatus shown in FIG. 1:

550. 16 is a perspective view of a fixed chank hip pin guide which may be used with the drill guide shown in Fig. 4;

PIO. 17 10 0 from view of the drill maide shown in PIO. 16;

PIQ. 18 is a vertical sectional vica, in enlarged coole, some sing the line 16-18 of PIQ. 17:

FIG. 19 is a schematte view of an X-ray having the fixed chank drill guide shewn in FIG. 16 disposed thereover; and FIG. 20 is a front view of a fixed shank hip pin.

## BEAUTICO OF THE PREPARED BYTO CONTINUE

Referring to FIGS. 4. 6 and 7. the drill guide appearatus of present invention includes, conseally, a pistol device in the form or an invorted L-shaped member 31 having an aiming pin 33 mounted on the berrel thereof and a through vertically extending drill guide slot 35 formed in the vertical leg shoreof. Buspended beneath the barrel of the pistol device 31 is a pendulum type transverse indicator 41 for indicating the transverse inclination of such pistol device. Thus, a motallie target, generally designated 43, (FIG. 6) may be placed over a patient's grein area near a fractured trochestor and the siming pin 33 aligned over a solected point on much target and the pistol device 31 rotated about its longitudinal sais until the vertical indicator 41 indicates the drill guide clot 35 is aligned directly below the siming pin 33 for roomles of the bone crill 47 to maintein such drill in the vertical plen of the siming pin 33.

Referring to PIO. 8, the pistol device 31 is formed with a longitudinally extending upwardly upper extracity with a longitudinally extending upwardly opening groeve 53 for receipt of the siming pin 33. A thumb sorew 53 is correct into a threaded transverse bore thoroby such cores may be tightened against the siming pin 33 to hold it in position. The pistol device 31 further includes a Commardly projecting vertical leg 57 which has an extension 59 telecooped upwardly over the lower end thereof. The pattention 59 is formed with an upwardly opening passage 62 few receipt of the lower extremity of the vertical leg 57. A shumb sorew 62 to corowed into a threaded bare formed in the extension 59 to be sorewed inwardly against the vertical leg 57.

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with respect thereto.

The transverse indicator 41 is suspended beneath the barrol 41 by means of a pivot pin 67 for free rotation thereof

A longitudinal indicator in the form of a pendulum type pointer, generally designated 71, is mounted on the side of the pictol device 31 by means of a pivot pin 73 and is formed with a downwardly projecting weight 75 and as upwardly producting pointer 77 which points to a vertical indicator line 81 to indicate the longitudinal inclination of such pistol device.

The target \$3 is constructed from a semewhat remilient, heavy motalise wire and is formed with a plurality of lengttudinally opeced phaped elements 65 which are all of a different configuration so each one can be easily identified on an X-ray. The appeal alements 65 included in the target \$3 shown in Pic.
6, are in the form of turned-back loops to form a computate ockered sign wave having the appeals of the individual elements disposed at one inch specings from one enother. The appealte cade of the terget \$3 terminate in alocad colls forming respective holding loops \$7 which may conveniently receive towel cites 69 for elipping the target \$3 to the patient's akin or draping to thereby maintain such targets posurely in position.

In operation, when the drill guide apparatus of process invention is to be utilized for drilling a bard in a fractured prochanter 45, the patient is placed on his back on a fracture toble 91 and the position rendered imposite and secures in position by conventional traction devices or the like. The sampet 43 is then positioned over the injured trachanter and expensed to extend generally prenevered to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3) of the injured trachanter to be the injured trachanter to the ania 95 (Fig. 3)

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post 99 to be closely held in a horizontal plane and auch camera is moved into position over the trychanter area and an enterior-posterior picture taken to produce an enterior-posterior x-rayko as shown in PIO. 3. The surgeon will then review the X-ray 101 to determine that the extended axis 95 of the trochanter 45 intersects the image of the target 43 at a point 103 formed by the lever portion or the chaped element 85 disposed third from the top and of such target 43.

The sais of the trochenter normally extends at an angle between 10 and 30 degrees from the horizontal when the pottent is lying on his back as shown in PIG. 1. This angle is normally referred to as the angle of anteversion. It is common proctice to obtain an estimate of the angle of anteversion by taking a lateral X-ray looking inwardly from the side of the patient and then viewing the X-ray to obtain an estimate of the engle of entered of the cases of entered on the drill to rould then be held at the occament of the occament of the occament.

The surgoom will then loosen the thumb scrow 55 to adjust the siming pin 33 in the passage 53 such that the projecting entremity projects over the target 69. The surgoon will them align the siming pin 33 over the point 111 on the target 43 which corresponds with the point 105 on the image 105. While maintaining this alignment and holding the pictol device 31 to maintain the ciming pin 33 generally aligned over the sais 35 of the trochanter, the surgeon will retate such pictol device 31 hange directly downwardly along the Front side of the vertical leg 57 to thereby assure that the Grill guide sict 33 is aligned vertically under such siming pin 33. The bone drill 57 say then be inserted through the Criticals 35 of the base to inserted through the Criticals 37 and inserted through the Criticals 37 and inserted through the Criticals 37 and inserted through the Criticals 38 of the

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the similar to drill a bore that is slighed directly below the similar pin 33. The elongated vertical clot 35 cachlon the vertical location of the drill 47 to be capily adjusted and the estimated angle of anteversion to be held.

I have provided an anteression indicator, generally designated 121, as shown in PIOS. 5, G and 7 for assurately
holding the angle of anteression during drilling. The anterversion indicator 121 is in the form of a base plate 183 having
a series of bares 125 formed through the upper entrocally thereof for receipt of different sized bone drills by. Disposed on
the front of the plate 123 is a pendulum pointer 127 corrical
from a pivot pim 189. The angle marks 131 are soribed on the
front of the plate 123 for indicating the inclination of the
anteresion indicator 121. Consequently, in use if the angle of
anteresion is determined to be 10 degrees the drill is incerted through one of the bores 125 and then through the drill
Guide alse 55 as shown in PEO. 7. The drill by util then be
held at the indicated anteresion angle of 10 degrees while

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An extension, generally dosignated 139, which may be subplituted for the extension 59 is shown in PIO. 9. The extension 135 includes a through longitudinal alor 137 for receipt of a guide disc 139. Formed in the walls of the extension 135 on opposite sides of the slot 137 are a pair of vertically extending slots defining tracks 141 for receipt of respective hubs 185 projecting from opposite sides of the fine 139. The Gios 139 includes a plurality of radially extending disselves defill guide bores 140 of different dismeters as shown in PIO. 20. A series of explo indication marks 147 are soribed as the cutoscient 150 and radially extending limits the extension 150 and radially extending limits 149 are

respective bores 145 for cooperation with the marks 147 to determine if the angle at which a drill extending through end of the bores 145 is projecting.

Consequently, when the extension 137 is utilized with the pictol device 31, the drill 47 may be inserted through the bore 145 of the appropriate size and with the pictol device criented to have the siming pin 33 extending horizontally as indicated by the longitudinal indicator 71, the angle of the drill projecting from one of the bores 145 may be determined by noting the degree line 147 with which the line 149 corresponding to the bore 145 through which the drill extended to slighed.

Referring to PIGE. 11 and 12, 6 drill jig, generally designated 151, is provided with a plurality of spaced opart parallel extending guide bores 153 whereby a bore may be drilled in the trochemter 45 and a pin 155 inserted therein with a portion of such pim projecting for receipt in one of the bores 153 in the jig 151. With this arrangement, additional bores may be drilled in the trochanter 45 in spaced apart relationship and projecting parallel to the pin 155 by morely inserting the drill in different tores 153 and using cuch bores as a guide for drilling bores in the trochanter for receipt of additional pins to thereby enable incatallation of a plurality of parallel pins 155 as shown in 716. 15.

The drill guide apperents ohere in Pid. 14 is similar to PIG. 4 except that the pistol device 31 includes a vertical extension 151 which has the lower end thereof angled in-wardly to applement the phase of the patient's hip.

The estentian, generally designated 165, phoen is 710. At is similar to the estentian 39 except that is in formed with

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colves an arm 167 that carries a Muide dies 139 on the lower extremity thorses. Extending longitudinally through the arm 157 is a threaded brake rod which terminates at its upper and in a thumb screw had 171. Consequently, the guide dies 139 may be set at a particular setting and the brake 171 tightened to hold such dies 139 looked in the desired position.

Referring to FIGS. 16-80, a fixed chank hip pin guido; generally designated 175, is provided for helding the angularity of a drill while drilling a bore for receipt of a fixed shank hip pin, generally designated 176, as shown in PIG. 20. The guide 175 includes a berral 177 having a side opening longitudinal ales 179 fermed therein for receipt of the guide pin 33. Thumb screen 165 are provided for tightening the siming pin 33 in place. Extending at an angle of approximately 135 degrees to the barrel 177 is a lag 167 which had a transverse bore 191 formed therein for receipt of an indexing pin 193.

The fixed flenge hip pin 17% includes a mail 195 that extends at an engle of 135 degrees from the flenge 197.

Installation of the hip pin 176 is similar to installation of the eferomentioned hip pin except that a second
target 43' is laid ever the injured grain area prior to the
taking of the enterior-posterior x-ray to produce an x-ray
image similar to that shown in PIG. 19. The siming pin 25
10 again positioned over the x-ray to extend slong the trechander axis and the flange 287 of the guide 175 is laid
slong the lateral side of the famoral shaft ROL. The point
at which siming pin 33 intersects the image of the target 45
to then extend, so is the point at which the Arden pin 193
intersects the target the lateral side.

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over the patient's hip and oriented to cause the siming pin 33 and index pin 193 to intersect the targets 43 and 43' at the respective points corresponding with those marked on the X-ray. The passage 53 of the guide apparatus 31 may then be inserted over the rear extremity of the siming pin 33 and such pistol device rotated to sligh the transverse indicator 41 with the les 57 to position the guide slot 25 directly below the siming pin 33.

A lateral incidion may be made along side the upper femoral chaft 201 and a drill 47 inserted through an ente-version angle indicator 121 and through the slot 35 to drill the decired boro in the trochanter. The drill 47 may then be removed and the noil 195 of the pin 176 inserted in the resultant bore, it being realized that the shank 197 will then be disposed at the required angle to lie slong the letteral curfoce of the femoral shaft sol. Berewe may be inserted through the chanke 197 to hold the pin in place.

While the procedures described hereinabove drastically reduce the number of X-rays that must be taken during a planting operation, it will be appreciated that X-rays may be taken after the operation to confirm the proper location of the pin installed.

From the foregoing it will be apparent that the drill guide apparedud of present invention provides an scenomical and convenient means for drilling a bore at a desired location in a trochenter or the like. The bore may easily be leasted without the necessity of trial and error drilling and the taking of numerous X-rays thereby substantially reducing the cost of operation and also the operating time thereby reducing the risk of confocionation and the passent around.

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Vorious modifications and changed may be made with regard to the foregoing detailed description without departing from the opinit of the invention.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus for use in drilling a bore in a bone and comprising:

en X-rey image-producing target for placement ex-

a portable pistel dovide

Ciming means mounted on the top of said pistol device "for alignment with said torget;

drill guide means mounted on said pistol device and disposed below said siming means;

transverse indicator means for indicating the transverse inclination of seid pistol device whereby cold target may be placed exteriorly on a patient adjacent seid bone, an x-ray machine oriented in a selected plane over seid bone and simed at seid target and caid bone, an x-ray picture taken, a target point selected on the image of seid target, said siming means aimed at the corresponding target point and caid pistol device maneuvered about white said ciming means indicates maneuvered about white said ciming means and durresponding target apos until said transverse indicator means indicates said siming means and suide means ore in a plane perpendicular to the plane of said X-ray machine, a drill extended through said drill suide means and a bore drilled in said bone.

8. Orthopedio drill guido apparatus on cos forth im

cald drill guide moans to in the form of an elengated guide plot for receiving said drill.

3. Orthopedia drill guide apparatus an eca forth in Slaim 1 wherein:

-erg nig obing bedagnote ne cobstent eness gnimie bica pressert cett gnivad to cested forces bias more carteses entreally eligned over eald target.

4. Orthopedia drill guide apparatus se set forth in Slaim 1 wherein:

cold target includes a plurelity of different shaped figures disposed at selected distances from one another.

5. Orthopodic drill guide apparetus es set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

paid indicator mound is in the form of pendulum means.

6. Orthopodic drill guide apparatus de set forth in Claim 1 wherein:

said pistol device is in the form of an inverted Lchapes element;

soid cining means includes an eiming pin projecting from the horizontal leg of cald pictol device.

7. Orthopedio drill guide apparatus as set forth in

counted on said pistol device and including a plurality of reducing through guide passages of different erosa sections.

8. Orthopedia drill quide apparatus as set forth in Siele 1 that includes:

precages thereby said drill may be inserted through said drill may be inserted through said drill may be inserted through said drill muide means to drill a first bore in said bone, one end of a pin inserted in cold first bore with the especial controlly prejecting therefrom, said jig installed on said pin by incerting cold extractly in one of said drill passages and said drill inserted in other of asid drill passages to drill bares extend to other of asid drill passages to drill bares

9. Orthopodia drill duide apportatus as sot forth in Claim 1 that instudent

longitudinal indicator means on sold pistol device for indicating the longitudinal inclination of sold pistol device and wherein!

coid guide means includes indicin for indicating the ongle of enterersion of coid drill.

10. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus ca set forth in Claim I wherein:

poid pistol device is formed with a horizontally prejosting partice having said siming means mounted therees and
a vertically projecting portion having said guide means
nounted thereon said device, further including a tolescoping
means interconnecting said horizontal section and said vertical section.

11. Orthopodic Grill guido apparatus as set forth in Slaim 1 that includes:

bound o mail and a shank projecting therefrom at a spleated congle, said fixed shank guide including trochanterel siming means, a shank portion projecting at said selected engle from each trochanterel siming means, said fixed shank guide further including angular index means, said fixed shank guide further including angular index means entending at an angle to cold preshanteral means whereby said target may be positioned ever a fractured trochanter, an X-ray taken thereof, said fixed chank guide arranged on said X-ray with said shank portion extending along the image of the femoral shoft and said trochanteral siming means projecting along the image of the sect of said trochanter to enable the uner to obtain points and said target said target corresponding with the intersection thereof of said targets corresponding with the intersection thereof of said targets corresponding with the intersection thereof

After trailed and co berreteners of nes saling stant bits for the bearing place and all bits another and saling processors bits no stated particular bear to state another bits and another bits bits of the bits of t

18. Orthopodie Grill guide apparetus as set forth in Glaim 1 wherein:

said platel device is formed with an clongated track projecting transversely to said siming means; and

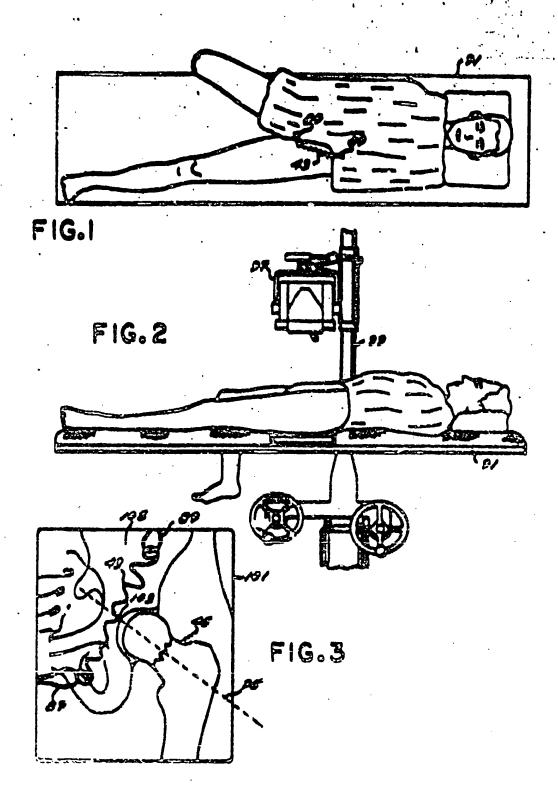
coid drill guide to received for longitudinal pliding in coid brook and includes a plurality of different circle through passages for receips of different sized drills.

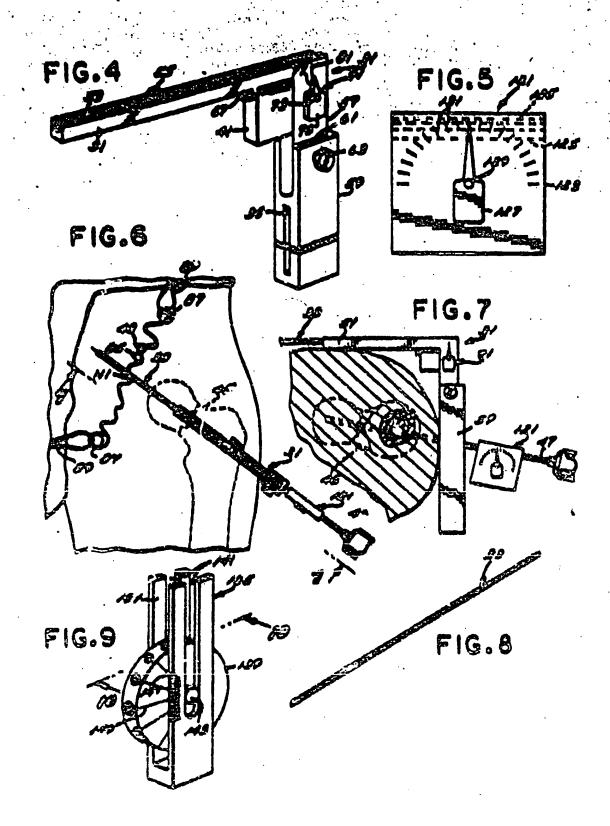
13. Orthopedie Grill guido apperatus as set forth in Claim 1 that includes:

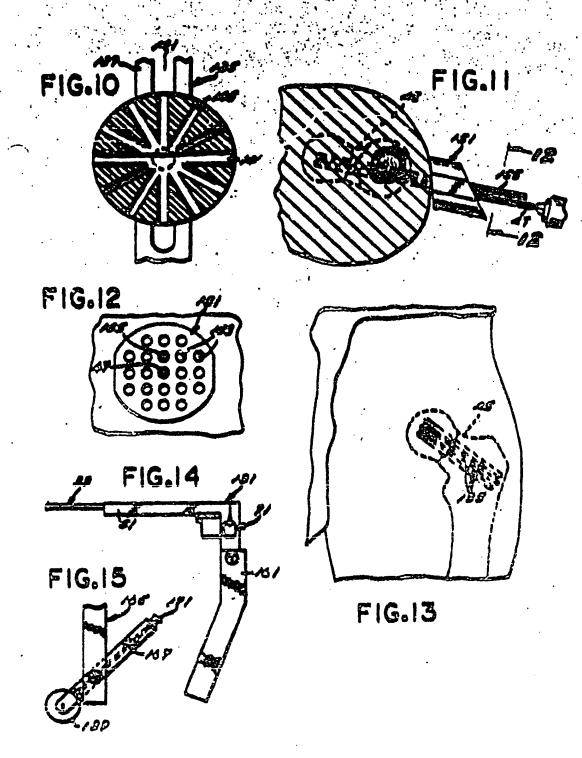
ca enteresion engle indicator including a base plate formed with a Grill passage therethrough and enteresion indicator means mounted on said plate.

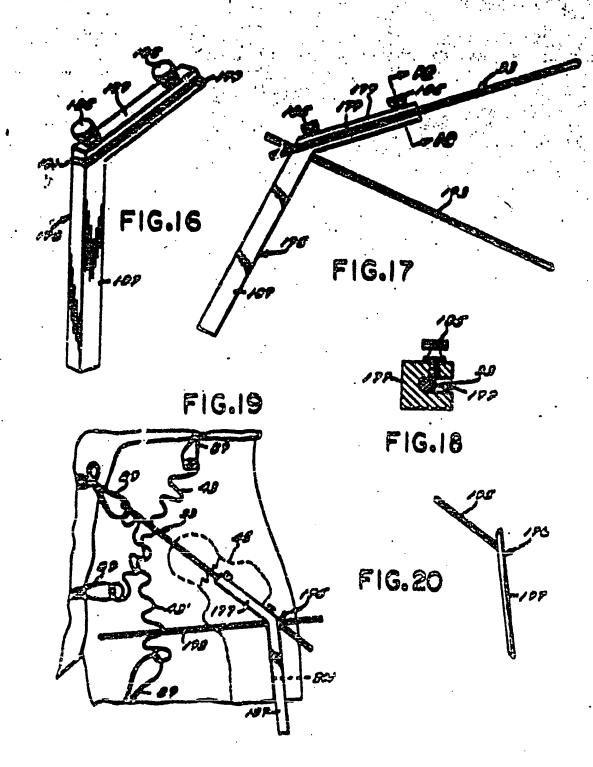
14. Orthopedic drill guide apparatus so set forth in Close S wherein

cald pistol device includes on clongated passage for telescopical receipt of cald pin and tightening means for tightening cald guide pin in position.









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